

THE SENATE ACTS.

Gorman Amendment to the Army Reorganization Bill Accepted by Republicans.

MEASURE PASSES BY VOTE OF 55 TO 13.

The bill places an Annual Appropriation of Eighty-Five Million Dollars on the Country.

The Provisions of the Act Will Continue in Force Until July 1, 1901 After That Date the Army Shall Be Reduced to Last Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The senate adopted the Gorman amendment to the army bill by unanimous vote. The republican members of the senate military committee have agreed to accept the Gorman amendment to the army reorganization bill.

The army reorganization bill passed the senate at 7:10 Monday evening by a vote of 55 to 13.

After a contest that will be memorable in the history of the senate, the compromise army reorganization bill was passed Monday evening at 7:10. When the senate convened at 11 o'clock Monday morning it seemed more likely that the bill might not be passed during the day. Mr. Gorman, of Maryland, insisted that his amendment providing that the army should not be increased permanently or beyond July 1, 1901, be incorporated in the measure.

For several hours it appeared probable that his insistence would lead to the defeat of the bill. Tuesday and perhaps defeat it. At agreement was reached finally, however, and Mr. Gorman's amendment, in a slightly modified form, was accepted.

The notable speech of the day against the measure was delivered by Mr. Vest, of Missouri, but his brilliant eloquence availed nothing against the measure as finally agreed upon. Monday night the senate took up the sundry civil bill and completed its reading, all the committee amendments being agreed upon. The bill was then passed to the house.

The following is the vote on the reorganization army bill: Yeas—Allen, Allison, Bacon, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Cockerill, Culberson, E. E. Dickinson, Fairbank, Frazier, Frye, Gallinger, Gorman, Harlan, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Hoar, Holt, Jones (N. Y.), Lodge, McCall, McPherson, McNary, McPherson, Mendenhall, Mitchell, Money, Morgan, Murphy, Nelson, Packer, Patterson, Pettus, Platt, R. H. Tamm, (N. Y.), Pritchard, Proctor, Rowan, Roach, Ross, Sewell, Shoup, Smith, Spooner, Stewart, Teller, Warren, Wellington, 55.

Nays—Bate, Berry, Butler, Caffery, Chilton, Clay, Daniel, Hoar, Martin, Pettigrew, Tamm, Vest, White, 13.

Some Hope for Kipling.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—At 9 o'clock Tuesday morning Rudyard Kipling was sleeping. The physicians say that there has been no change in his condition since midnight when his condition was slightly improved.

American Fruits in Germany. WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The department of state has been informed by cable from Ambassador White, at Berlin, that orders have been issued according to which American oranges, lemons and raisins imported into Germany, as well as all American fresh or dried fruits passing through Germany in bond, are no longer to be examined for San Jose scale.

Workmen Fatally Burned.

ROME, Ga., Feb. 28.—There was a terrible boiler explosion at the Rome iron furnace Monday morning. The structure was badly damaged and the buildings in the neighborhood were shaken. Molten metal was thrown among the workmen, and David Gibson, foreman of the furnace, was killed.

The Coal Miners' Strike. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 28.—General Manager Henry Wood, of the Choctaw Co., Monday estimated that the number of coal miners affected by the strike order, effective Tuesday, at 10,000 men. He says fully that number will go out on a strike the past ten days.

THE INDIAN BILL.

Conferees Have Reached a Final Agreement on the Annual Appropriation and Have Submitted a Report.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The conferees on the Indian appropriation bill have reached a final agreement and have submitted their report. The senate amendment relating to sectarian Indian schools is retained, the amount is reduced so that not exceeding 15 per cent. of the amount used in 1900 shall be used next year. A new provision adds the words that the bill shall be the final appropriation for sectarian schools.

The agreement continues the Lincoln Institute of Philadelphia struck out by the house. The amount for the Carlisle school is restored to the sum fixed by the house. The amounts are increased somewhat for Flindersburg, S. D.; Pipestone, Minn., and Tomah, Wis.

The secretary of the Indian department is authorized to suspend the operation of the pending law on Chippewa timber lands in Minnesota and provinces for an investigation of conditions by officers of the department. This is in agreement to the senate provision. The senate provision also is adopted for an asylum for Indians at Canton, S. D.

All the treaty agreements added by the senate are accepted, in agreement with the lower. Brule and Rosebud Sioux Indians, the northern Cheyennes and the Shoshone and Bannock Indians.

A COUNTERFEITING CASE.

A Safe Deposit Box at Toledo, Rented by Alfred Kent, Found to Contain Counterfeit Money, Dimes and Plates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A dispatch received Monday night by Chief Walker, of the treasury secret service, discloses an unexpected termination to a counterfeit case which was being investigated by the officials. Saturday a box in a safe deposit vault at Toledo, O., rented in the name of Alfred Kent, but the owner of whose contents failed to appear, was forced open and between 2,000 and 3,000 of counterfeit notes were found. With them also were discovered dimes and plates required to produce the counterfeit money. More than a year ago, on the 14th of January, 1898, a man giving the name of Alfred A. Creps, was arrested at Greensburg, Ind., on the charge of passing a counterfeit note, but as a hearing by the local magistrate was discharged, there not being sufficient evidence to hold him. Afterwards this man committed suicide in a hotel at Chicago, O., and the officials of the secret service, after thoroughly working on the case, have reported to Chief Walker that this person and the man Kent who rented the safe deposit box are one and the same, thus they believe, solving the mystery.

To Renew Diplomatic Relations.

MANILA, Feb. 28.—It is reported here Monday, though there is no official confirmation of the rumor, that Senator Don J. Irujo, of the Basque, former Spanish minister to Mexico, will be designated minister to the United States on the resumption of diplomatic relations. The report that Senator Polo y Bernabe, late Spanish minister at Washington, will go to Lisbon is officially confirmed.

The United States Freed.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Prince Armand Radzivil, who represented the Kaiser at the funeral of President Faure, says: "There is one country against which the continental powers ought to come to an agreement, and that is the United States of America. I mean the United States, of which the pretensions and wealth are becoming a danger for us all. The liberators intervene him to this effect."

The Iowa Will Not Go to Manila.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—It is stated by Capt. Crowder, chief of the navigation bureau, and by all of the other naval officials concerned that the department has given no orders to the Iowa to proceed from San Francisco to Manila, and that none are in contemplation. It will be at least two months before the repairs to the Iowa can be completed.

No Intention to Interfere.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The correspondence of the Telegraph, which says that the "authorities to day that Germany has an intention to interfere in the Philippines," adds: "Neither has any other power, and the Oregon can not, do work. The trouble was caused by the discharge of two boys for giving three cheers for President Hayes of the Glass Blowers' union."

A Strike at Bridgeport, N. J.

BRIDGEPORT, N. J., Feb. 28.—All of the hollow ware factories of the Cumberland glass works were closed Monday night and 1,000 men and boys are on strike. The trouble was caused by the discharge of two boys for giving three cheers for President Hayes of the Glass Blowers' union.

Death of Congressman Morley.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—A dispatch received in Brooklyn Monday announces the death of Congressman Dennis M. Harley at Hot Springs, Va., Sunday afternoon. He was serving his second term as representative from the Second New York district.

An Army Nomination.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The president Monday nominated Richard B. Stewart, 11th infantry, to be captain to date from April 30, 1895.

REFLAG OF TRUCE.

Eight Thousand Rebels at Malolos Are Anxious to Lay Down Their Arms.

AGUINALDO ABOUT TO SURRENDER.

The Tidings Are Brought to Gen. Otis, the Commanding Officer, by Two Commissioners.

The General, However, Did Not Receive Them Officially. All Is Quiet at Malolos Arranging for Release of Spanish Prisoners.

MANILA, Feb. 28.—Two commissioners who returned from Malolos under a flag of truce Monday report that 8,000 rebels are anxious to surrender. They also express the belief that Aguinaldo is inclined to accept pacific overtures. Maj. Gen. Otis did not receive the commissioners.

Except for an occasional volley and some individual firing by the rebels from the jungle near Calocan, along the river and in the vicinity of San Pedro Macati, all was quiet along the front line Sunday night. The enemy's sharpshooters at Calocan continue to annoy the soldiers in the line, but the Americans no longer pay much attention to them, reserving their fire until the rebels appear in the open in sufficient force to justify a volley or an occasional shell.

During the night the men are not so concerned with the enemy's snipers as a majority of them remain undisturbed, secured by the outposts and sentries.

In Manila absolute quiet prevails, the streets are deserted and the only sounds to be heard after 7 o'clock in the evening are the tramp of the police and the occasional clatter of the hoofs of an officer's horse.

The insurance companies, after a conference, have decided to accept war risks at an additional premium of 5 per cent. per annum.

The battalion of the 23d infantry that has sailed on the transport Pennsylvania for the island of Cebu is commanded by Maj. Goodall, with Lieut. Goodall as adjutant and Lieut. McHugh as quartermaster. The battalion includes Co. A, commanded by Capt. Pennington; Co. B, commanded by Lieut. Seligson; Co. C, commanded by Lieut. Moore; Co. D, commanded by Lieut. Stratton.

ADMINAL DEWEY WANTS HIS VESSEL TO BE SENT TO MANILA WITH-OUT DELAY.

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RACE RIOT AT HOPE, ARK.

It Started by the Attempt of a Mob to Lynch a Negro Charged With Outrage on a White Woman.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 28.—News has just reached here from Hope, Ark., of an outrageous crime committed by a Negro upon a young white woman at that place Monday afternoon. It is stated that an attempt to lynch the Negro resulted in a race riot and that at a late hour Monday night the whites are preparing to burn the culprit at the stake.

This News Was Brought Here by Passengers Arriving on the Midnight Train.

Both telegraph offices and the long distance telephone are shut down for the night and news of the result is not obtainable. Gen. Reyes Will Surrender. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 28.—Via Galveston.—The government troops, under Gen. Rauland, from Greytown, attacked and captured the half moon in front of Bluefields, Gen. Reyes, the insurgent leader, fled for protection to the British consulate at Bluefields. He will surrender without further resistance, thus closing the revolution. Gen. Rauland also captured a schooner near Monkey Point, containing some 25 Filipino Nicaraguans who were en route for Bluefields.

Constitutional Amendment Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A favorable report on the proposed constitutional amendment prohibiting polygamists from being elected to congress was made at the house Monday by Representative Capron, of Rhode Island, in behalf of the committee on election of president and vice president. It refers to the cases of Representatives Brigham and Roberts, of Utah, as one of the subjects for renewing attention to the subject.

Will Not Be Invited.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Home correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "Holland has assured Italy that the pope will not be invited to send a representative to the conference for the limitation of armaments."

Gomes Will Visit the United States.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—Negotiations between Gen. Brooke and Gomes have been practically suspended. Gen. Gomes has announced that he will leave for Washington in a few days to confer with the United States authorities.

Army Appropriation Bill Passes the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The house passed the army appropriation bill Monday.

ARMED EVILDOERS CAPTURED.

The Coroner's Jury Issued Its Verdict Monday Evening, and as a Consequence H. B. Molineux Was Arrested.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The jury in the Adams poison case came in with its verdict at 8:43 p. m. Monday. It was as follows:

"We find that the said Katherine J. Adams came to her death on December 28, 1898, in 61 West 86th street, by poison by mercuric cyanide, administered by Harry S. Corbush, to whom said poison was delivered in a bottle of brown bottle by Richard B. Molineux. The coroner immediately issued a warrant for the arrest of Molineux and the latter was at once arraigned before him. Through his attorney, Barlow S. Weeks, he demanded an immediate hearing, but Assistant District Osborne objected, saying it was impossible to proceed with the hearing. The hearing was then set down for Wednesday morning at 11:30 o'clock. Molineux was committed to the toms without bail.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Surgeon General Sternberg Has Received No Report of the Spread of the Disease Since August of Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Surgeon General Sternberg stated Monday that he had received no reports of the spreading of typhoid fever among the troops in Maj. Gen. Lee's camp at Havana, but the Americans no longer pay much attention to them, reserving their fire until the rebels appear in the open in sufficient force to justify a volley or an occasional shell.

During the night the men are not so concerned with the enemy's snipers as a majority of them remain undisturbed, secured by the outposts and sentries.

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BATTLESHIP OREGON.

The Oregon is a battleship of the United States Navy, built at the Portland, Ore., shipyard. She was launched on March 17, 1893, and was the first battleship of the Oregon class. She was named in honor of the state of Oregon. She is 350 feet long, 45 feet wide, and has a displacement of 2,200 tons. She is armed with two 12-inch main batteries and four 6-inch secondary batteries. She has a top speed of 18 knots per hour. She is currently assigned to the Pacific fleet.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, an aim to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not grip or nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company.

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RIDING ON THE RAIL!

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THE EXCELLENCE OF SY

And the best Stove on which to prepare food is an ACORN RANGE, which insures perfect cooking. For sale by Henry W. Haas, 33 West Second street.